(課程博士・様式7) (Doctoral qualification by coursework, Form 7)

学位論文要旨

Abstract of Doctoral Thesis

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論文題目:

Title of Thesis:

The MC4R gene is responsible for the development of ovarian teratomas

論文要旨:

Abstract:

Teratomas in mice, composed of different tissue types, are derived from primordial germ cells (PGCs) in the fetal gonads. The strongest candidate gene in the teratoma locus (Ter) responsible for testicular teratoma formation was identified as Dnd1. However, the phenotype of mice with a mutated *Dnd1* gene was germ cell loss. Thus, it was suggested that other genes are involved in teratoma formation. Testicular teratomas can also be induced experimentally (experimentally testicular teratomas: ETTs) in 129/Sv mice by transplanting E12.5 fetal testes into adult testes. Previously, we mapped the ett1 locus, which is the locus responsible for ETT formation on chromosome 18. We established the LT-ett1 congenic strain, which introduced the locus responsible for ETT formation genetically into the genomes of a testicular teratoma non-susceptible strain. In this study, we crossed LT-ett1 and a previously established LT-Ter strain to establish the double congenic strain LT-Ter/ett1. Separately, we conducted exome sequence analysis of the 129 and LT strains to identify the genes responsible for ETT formation, and we identified a missense mutation in the MC4R gene among 8 genes in the ett1 region. Thus, this gene is most likely a candidate for ETT formation. In this study, we tried to establish a strain with a point mutation in the MC4R gene of the LT strain by genome editing. After establishing the knock-in strain LT-MC4R^{G25S}, we also attempted to establish the double genetically modified strain LT- $Ter/MC4R^{G25S}$ to address the relation between Ter and MC4R. Surprisingly, highly developed ovarian teratomas (OTs), instead of testicular teratomas, appeared not only in the LT- $Ter/MC4R^{G25S}$ and LT- $MC4R^{G25S}$ strains but also in the LT-tett1 and LT-ter/tett1 strains. The incidence of OT formation was high in double genetically modified strains. The results demonstrated that MC4R is one of the genes responsible for OT formation. It was suggested that the effect of the missense mutation in MC4R on teratoma formation was promoted by abnormal germ cell formation by the mutation in DND1.

During the study alongside the OTs we also observed other organs as we found some abnormalities in kidney and spleen in LT- $Ter/MC4R^{G25S}$ double mutant mice. This study is under investigation to find whether there is any relation with the MC4R or not.